



Brush Up on Oral Health

October 2017

- **Follow-up Oral Health Care**
 - **Treating Tooth Decay in Primary Teeth Is Important**
 - **Tips for Head Start Staff to Encourage Parents to Take Children for Follow-up Oral Health Care**
- **Cook's Spider Sandwiches**

Did You Know?

- **More than eight in 10 Head Start programs report tooth decay as a health issue of major concern for enrolled children.**
- **Of the nearly 165,000 children in Head Start who need oral health care, more than one in four have not received or are not receiving needed treatment.**



Follow-up Oral Health Care

Most children in Head Start meet the requirement for having an oral exam within 90 days of beginning to attend a program. However, some children are not taken back to the dental office or clinic for needed follow-up care. A common reason parents state for not seeking treatment for tooth decay in primary teeth is that they are not permanent teeth.

This issue of *Brush Up on Oral Health* talks about why it is important to treat tooth decay in primary teeth and offers tips for Head Start staff to encourage parents to get follow-

up care for their child. A recipe for a healthy snack that can be made in the Head Start classroom or at home is also included.

Treating Tooth Decay in Primary Teeth Is Important

Enamel, the hard white outer surface of a tooth, is thinner on primary teeth than it is on permanent teeth. Because of this, tooth decay in primary teeth can quickly turn into a large cavity. The cavity can get so deep that it spreads to the nerve of the tooth and causes a toothache or an abscess (infection). Also, tooth decay can spread from one tooth to another. This is important, because if tooth decay is not treated, the bacteria that cause tooth decay can spread to other teeth in a child's mouth.

When children are about age 6, their front primary teeth fall out and are replaced by permanent teeth. Around this time, a set of top and bottom permanent molars come up behind the primary molars. These permanent molars do not push primary molars out. If

untreated tooth decay is in the child's mouth, it can spread to the permanent molars and other permanent teeth as they come into the mouth.

If a child's tooth decay is not treated, the child can have pain, trouble sleeping, behavior problems, or difficulty concentrating. Tooth decay can also lead to more serious problems that are described in the [March 2017](#) issue of *Brush Up on Oral Health*.



Tips for Head Start Staff to Encourage Parents to Take Children for Follow-up Oral Health Care

- 1. Find out why the child has not been taken for follow-up care.** For example, some parents may not know about the importance of primary teeth. Other possible reasons for parents not taking a child for follow-up care include cost of care, lack of transportation, dentists not accepting Medicaid for payment, cultural beliefs and practices, competing priorities, or past experiences—including parents' own fear of dentists. Use [motivational interviewing](#) and other communication strategies to discover and discuss why parents have not taken their child for follow-up care. Help parents overcome barriers that they face in taking their child for follow-up care.
- 2. Share written information with parents.** Support conversations about the importance of follow-up care with accurate information written in clear language that parents can understand. The [March 2017](#) issue of *Brush Up on Oral Health* describes five key roles primary teeth play in maintaining children's health and making sure they develop appropriately.
- 3. Host an "ask a dentist or dental hygienist" event.** Invite a dentist or dental hygienist to participate in a parent event to talk about why follow-up care is important. Ask the provider to talk about how oral health care has changed and to explain that some treatment can now be done without shots or drills. Encourage parents to write questions ahead of time and ask them.
- 4. Arrange a field trip to a dental office or clinic.** Invite parents to visit a dental office or clinic where they can see how children get oral health care. Parents may have had bad experiences when they were young and do not want their children to have the same thing happen to them. Being able to see other children receiving care may help parents overcome fears.
- 5. Establish peer-led groups to address follow-up care issues.** Peer-led parenting and/or family engagement groups can be effective in helping parents overcome obstacles and achieve results. [Family Connections to Peers and Community](#) offers a summary of strategies to create social networks that support and enhance well-being and community life.

Cook's Corner: Spider Sandwiches

Here's a delicious healthy snack that staff and children can make in a Head Start classroom or at home with their families.

Ingredients

- 1 slice whole wheat bread
- 6 pretzel sticks
- 2 black beans or 1 blueberry cut in 2 pieces
- 1 tablespoon peanut butter or low fat cream cheese



Directions

1. Cut two rounds from the bread slice using a cookie cutter, biscuit cutter, or drinking glass.
2. Spread a thin layer of peanut butter or cream cheese on the bread rounds.
3. Press 6 pretzel sticks in the center of the peanut butter– or cream cheese–coated round to form the legs of the spider.
4. Cover bread round with the second bread round.
5. Press 2 black beans or blueberry halves into the top of the bread to make the spider's eyes.

Makes 1 servings

Safety tip: An adult should slice ingredients.

Contact Us

The National Center on Early Childhood Health and Wellness welcomes your feedback on this issue, as well as your suggestions for topics for future issues. Please forward your comments to health@ecetta.info or call 866-763-6481.

Subscribe or view all issues of [Brush Up on Oral Health](#) on the Early Childhood Learning and Knowledge Center.

This issue was developed with funds from grant #90HC0013 for the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Head Start, Office of Child Care, and Health Resources and Services Administration, Maternal and Child Health Bureau by the National Center on Early Childhood Health and Wellness. This resource may be duplicated for noncommercial uses without permission.

This publication is in the public domain, and no copyright can be claimed by persons or organizations.

School readiness begins with health!



ADMINISTRATION FOR
CHILDREN & FAMILIES



NATIONAL CENTER ON
Early Childhood Health and Wellness