

# What You Need to Know About EPSDT

## **EARLY: Assessing and identifying problems early**

Children covered by Medicaid are more likely to be born with low birth weights, have poor health, have developmental delays or learning disorders, or have medical conditions (e.g., asthma) requiring ongoing use of prescription drugs. Medicaid helps these children and adolescents receive quality health care.

EPSDT is a key part of Medicaid for children and adolescents. EPSDT emphasizes preventive and comprehensive care. Prevention can help ensure the early identification, diagnosis, and treatment of conditions before they become more complex and costly to treat. It is important that children and adolescents enrolled in Medicaid receive all recommended preventive services and any medical treatment needed to promote healthy growth and development.

## **PERIODIC: Checking children's health at age-appropriate intervals**

As they grow, infants, children and adolescents should see their health care providers regularly. Each state develops its own "periodicity schedule" showing the check-ups recommended at each age. These are often based on the American Academy of Pediatrics' Bright Futures guidelines: [Recommendations for Preventive Pediatric Health Care](#). Bright Futures helps doctors and families understand the types of care that infants, children and adolescents should get and when they should get it. The goal of Bright Futures is to help health care providers offer prevention-based, family-focused, and developmentally-oriented care for all children and adolescents. Children and adolescents are also entitled to receive additional check-ups when a condition or problem is suspected.

## **SCREENING: Providing physical, mental, developmental, dental, hearing, vision and other screening tests to detect potential problems**

All infants, children and adolescents should receive regular well-child check-ups of their physical and mental health, growth, development, and nutritional status. A well-child check-up includes:

- A comprehensive health and developmental history, including both physical and mental health development assessments;
- Physical exam;
- Age-appropriate immunizations;
- Vision and hearing tests;
- Dental exam;
- Laboratory tests, including blood lead level assessments at certain ages; and
- Health education, including anticipatory guidance.

## **DIAGNOSTIC: Performing diagnostic tests to follow up when a health risk is identified**

When a well-child check-up or other visit to a health care professional shows that a child or adolescent might have a health problem, follow up diagnostic testing and evaluations must be provided under EPSDT. Diagnosis of mental health, substance use, vision, hearing and dental problems is included. Also included are any necessary referrals so that the child or adolescent receives all needed treatment.

## **TREATMENT: Correct, reduce or control health problems found**

EPSDT covers health care, treatment and other measures necessary to correct or ameliorate the child or adolescent's physical or mental conditions found by a screening or a diagnostic procedure. In general, States must ensure the provision of, and pay for, any treatment that is considered "medically necessary" for the child or adolescent. This includes treatment for any vision and hearing problems, including eyeglasses and hearing aids. For children's oral health, coverage includes regular preventive dental care and treatment to relieve pain and infections, restore teeth, and maintain dental health. Some orthodontia is also covered.